

## Chapter 9 Test Notes

1. The colonies exported indigo to England in the early 1700s.
2. To pay the price of their passage to the colonies, many Europeans became indentured servants.
3. Ben Franklin was well known as a scientist and inventor.
4. By the middle 1700s colonists began moving to the backcountry because wealthy planters owned most of the coastal land.
5. People can start any business they want in the system called free enterprise.
6. A large part of the Southern economy was made up of small farms and plantations.
7. Large numbers of slaves worked the farms.
8. Slaves lost most of their basic human rights under rules known as slave codes.
9. Work on the farms was supervised by overseers.
10. Secret meetings were held at night by captives to plan escapes.
11. The voyage to the colonies from Europe usually lasted 4 months.
12. In the 1700s the largest group of newcomers who worked as servants came from England, Scotland, Wales & Germany.
13. 1 out of 7 captives did not survive the ocean voyage.

14. The 3 major exports of the Southern Colonies were tobacco, rice & indigo.
15. The 2 major agricultural products of the Middle Colonies was wheat & corn.
16. 1 of every 4 whites owned slaves in the So. Colonies.
17. Escaping captives were hunted down and usually beaten, whipped or sometimes killed.